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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1915.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4175

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS	
Centrifugals N. Y.	Cents Dollars
Price, Hawaiian basis	4.46 \$89.20
Last previous quotation.	4.39 \$87.80

Preparedness of United States Is For Defense

FOUR AMERICANS BELIEVED SLAIN BY VILLISTAS AS ACT OF REVENGE

Two Doctors of Cananea Mining Company And Two Chauffeurs Reported To Have Been Killed And Buried Near Agua Prieta

DOUGLAS SCHOOLS REOPEN AS CRISIS THERE PASSES

Carranza Commander, General Obregon, To Lead An Army Against Foe—Rebel Leader Will Make Capital At Naco

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
DOUGLAS, November 5.—Much concern is felt here for the safety of four American residents of Cananea in consequence of threats by General Villa of reprisals for permission to General Carranza to transport his troops over American soil.

The men are Dr. R. H. Tighan, a doctor Miller and two chauffeurs, Doctor Tighan is chief surgeon of the Cananea Consolidated Copper Company, an American corporation, and Doctor Miller is his assistant. Another report is that the four are the two doctors, one chauffeur and a boy.

Physicians Reported Dead
According to a report from Naco the doctors are dead and buried. Despatches quote General Villa as informing American officials that the doctors and the two chauffeurs were killed in the battle of Agua Prieta. They were in his employ, he stated, and were on the battlefield in front of Agua Prieta giving aid to wounded men and rescuing others when bullets from General Calles' troops mowed them down. Subsequently, according to the story, the four were buried where they fell.

Party Is Seen Alive
It says the two doctors, a chauffeur and a boy were seen walking ten miles south of Naco, Sonora, in the direction of Cananea, at five o'clock yesterday afternoon. No mention was made of a fifth man. This report comes from Bisbee, and was received there from the copper company in Cananea.

Federal officials are making every effort to verify these reports and learn the fate of the party. There are grave fears, however, that the outbreak of anti-American sentiment in Cananea following recognition of Carranza is allowing use of American territory to his troops has prompted assassination of the men.

Mexican Crisis Subsides
The Mexican crisis here has practically subsided. The Carranzistas remain in their trenches, fearing a surprise attack, but Douglas has returned to normal. The schools have reopened and residents are taking down boiler plate from their windows and doors, which they put up to prevent "snry" bullets from entering their houses.

DANGER AT DOUGLAS OVER
WASHINGTON, November 5.—Carranzistas were the principal violators of American neutrality in firing across the border during the battle of Agua Prieta, according to a report made to the war department yesterday by Major General Funston. But each side endeavored to confine its firing, he said, to prevent injury of Americans. The danger at Douglas is over, the general says.

WILL FOLLOW UP VICTORY
EAGLE PASS, Texas, November 5.—General Obregon, Carranza's principal commander, will make a campaign against General Villa from Agua Prieta, according to Eliseo Arredondo, the Carranza consul here.

GENERAL VILLA WILL 'REST'
NACO, Arizona, November 4.—Beaten badly at Agua Prieta, General Villa is now withdrawing his army to Naco, State of Sonora, which he has declared the capital of Mexico. He plans to make Naco the base of supplies for a new campaign and to rest there thirty days.

Several thousand Villistas are still camped near the boundary. Vacant stores have been converted into hospitals.

Four officers and seven privates are dead, the result of privation more than wounds.

DETACHMENT of Teuton Infantry Just Behind First Line Awaiting Orders To Advance And Showing the Famous Close Formation In German Field Tactics Which Have Been For Years the Admiration of the Military Experts of the World



ANOTHER CABINET CRISIS IN GREECE

Chamber of Deputies Rebukes Premier For His Policy Of Neutrality

NATION ANXIOUS FOR WAR

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, November 5.—Greece is in the grip of another cabinet crisis and the outcome is likely to have an important bearing on the nation's future position on the war in the Balkans.

A call for a vote of confidence in the new ministry in the chamber of deputies has brought an adverse response. The action is a stern rebuke to Alexander Zaimas, the new premier who was named by King Constantine following the resignation of Premier Venizelos. Zaimas favors neutrality and Venizelos favors Greece's entry into the war on the side of the Allies.

Premier Zaimas, spurned by the chamber, has asked the deputies to suspend their sessions until formation of a new cabinet. Meanwhile Zaimas continues to advocate neutrality.

Discussion over the proposed military laws has raised a question between Venizelos and the war minister, Yanakitsas, in which the leaders are taking sides.

VIENNA SAYS RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE IS CHECKED

Von Hindenburg Fights Desperately To Hold His Positions

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 5.—The Russian offensive in the vicinity of Dvinsk, according to reports from Vienna, not only is being resisted successfully, but the Germans have won a local victory in the Dvinsk region. Several positions out of which they were driven have been recaptured, Vienna says.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg is making a desperate effort to hold his line intact with the object of spending the winter in the present positions. Activity is reported from the East front only on those parts of the line held by the French and Belgians. The engagements there, however, are confined to artillery duels.

MONEY ORDER BUSINESS STILL MORE RESTRICTED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 5.—The money order department of the postoffice issued a public statement yesterday which said that hereafter no individual or firm would be permitted to send more than \$500 a week to any one individual or firm in the United States. The object of the restrictions, it is said, is to conserve the nation's gold supply.

STRANDED SUBMARINE IS INTERBED BY DUTCH

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
THE HAGUE, November 5.—A German submarine which ran ashore and stranded at Noordergrond yesterday was taken possession of by the Dutch authorities and interned. The submarine was towed to Terzelling. The interned craft is the U.S. of 300 tons, having a crew of twelve men.

President of China Is Beset By Revolutionary Agitation

PRESIDENT YUAN SHIH-KAI of China, Who Sanctions Movement To Restore Monarchical Government At Peking



Situation Complicated By Decision of Japan To Rush More Troops Into Republic

(Special Cable to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKYO, November 4.—Yuan Shih-kai, President of China, beset with revolutionary agitations at home, caused by his attempt to have China revert to a monarchical form of government, and facing growing pressure from Japan and the great nations of Europe which oppose the change, has had his position more imperiled today, by the turn of events in the Yangtze-kiang basin, where fresh revolutionary activity has become manifest.

As a result of the widespread new revolt which seems centered in Hankow, that city and all of the Wuhan province on the Yangtze has been declared under martial law, and conflicts between the armies of the president and the gathering forces of the revolutionists or national party may be expected hourly.

The situation has been further complicated by Japan's decision to hurry the embarkation of the additional troops ordered to China. They will sail from Japan tomorrow.

In addition, at a meeting of the Japanese privy council—a meeting attended by Emperor Yoshihito—a report on the status of Chinese affairs was read by K. Ishii, the new minister of foreign affairs, and the decision was reached to send a special envoy to Peking to attempt to influence Yuan Shih-kai to change his decision about an early restoration of the monarchy, or at least to defer action until the European war has been ended.

In all probability Governor General M. Terachi or Field Marshal Prince Yamagata will be chosen as the special envoy to confer with China's president.

Reports from Hanyang and Hankow tell of new conflicts between the revolutionists and Japanese merchants, and additional trouble is expected at the coming elections.

BRITISH MINISTER ADVISES MONARCHY?

Advices from China received in the last mail are to the effect that Sir John Jordan, British minister to Peking, recently had an interview with President Yuan Shih-kai and a long conversation took place between them with regard to the question of the

CAPTURE OF NISH BY BULGARS NEAR

Enemy Only a Few Miles North Of Serb Capital And Fall Is Imminent

ALLIED AID IS ONLY HOPE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 5.—The Bulgarians are making rapid progress in the vicinity of Nish and the fall of the capital is imminent, unless aid reaches the Serbians. The Bulgarian advance guard is reported to be only a few miles north of the town.

There is hope, however, that the Serbians will be reinforced shortly by large numbers of Allies from Salonika. A report here says the Allies are now effecting a junction with the Serbs at some point.

If so it may relieve a critical state of affairs for the Serbs, as their armies are being forced to fight desperately to keep open an avenue of retreat into Montenegro in the event they are compelled to retreat farther from the Austro-German invasion in the north.

The Serbians already have been pushed back to their central defenses. They are fighting so vigorously, however, that it is evident their combative qualities have not been seriously impaired.

King Goes To Front

King Peter is reported to have gone to the front to encourage his troops by his presence, and to notify them that aid is coming.

Definite knowledge of the location of the Allied reinforcements cannot be obtained. A report of Allied success in the region of Istip, in the central part of the Southern Serbia, indicates they are forging ahead, however.

Advices on the situation in Bulgaria are scanty, but a report from Petrograd says it has been semi-officially denied there that the Russians have landed any troops near Verna.

MANY LAND AT SALONIKA

SALONIKA, Greece, November 4.—Large Allied reinforcements for the Balkan troops are being rushed through Salonika. Contingents are arriving daily and being sent to the front as fast as railroad facilities will allow.

RUMANIA HITS RUSS?

BERLIN, November 5.—Advices from Bucharest say the Rumanian government has ordered the internment of two Russian destroyers and an armed steamer at Turnu Severin on the Danube.

Despatches from the Serbian front say the Germans have advanced to North Kralievo, while the Bulgarians have stormed Kalafat, six miles north-east of Nish.

STEAMER AFIRE AT SEA SENDS OUT S. O. S. CALLS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
HALIFAX, November 5.—Wireless messages have been received here stating that the British steamer Rio Leges is on fire in mid-ocean. The ship has sent out an S. O. S., and several steamers are reported to be answering the call. The fire is in the steamer's hold. The cause has not been reported. The steamer's destination is Queenstown.

NEW YORK CONSTITUTION SNOWED UNDER BY VOTERS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, November 4.—The proposed new State constitution was defeated in Tuesday election by 300,000 votes, completion of the count today revealed.

AMERICA WILL NOT GET ANOTHER FOOT OF LAND BY FORCE

This Declaration Is Made By President Wilson In Address Dealing With Nation-Wide Demand For Defense and Army and Navy Program To Be Presented To Congress

NATION IS AT PEACE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS BY FEDERAL WIRELESS)
NEW YORK, November 5.—"I am confident that never again will the United States of America acquire another foot of land by conquest," announced President Wilson, in the course of an extremely important address last night before the Manhattan Club, on the occasion of its fiftieth anniversary. The President, in his address, opened the administration's campaign for "preparedness" and went exhaustively in the reasons back of the army and navy program determined upon for presentation at the coming session of congress.

PREPARE FOR DEFENSE

Throughout his address the President emphasized the fact that preparedness for defense, without any suggestion of aggression, was the aim of himself and his administration. He declared that America harbored no suspicion of any Power and was preparing to enter upon a more extensive plan of army and navy betterment without any designs upon anyone.

"I am confident that never again will the United States of America acquire another foot of land by conquest, as I believe and I am confident the nation believes that it is the right of every people to choose the government and the flag to which it shall own allegiance," he said.

WISH ONLY LIBERTY

"We wish only liberty for our own self development and we are arming solely in preparation for the defense of that liberty should the time ever come when it may be threatened. This sole object is clear to us and it will become clear to the world when it is made apparent that we do not aim at conquest.

"The entire country today is asking what our force for defense is and how far prepared are we to maintain our borders and our national existence against any interference with our national development. The administration has acknowledged our lack of military preparedness and the plans for the army and the navy we have prepared for submission to congress are the steps we propose to take to remedy that lack.

ATTACK NOT EXPECTED

"The planned development of our navy and our army does not signify that we expect to be attacked from any quarter, nor that we are preparing to carry out by force any political international ambition.

"We desire to be prepared not for war but for national defense. Our work is only that we may have an army adequate for the times, while working always for international peace."

The President spoke favorably of the plans for encouraging a citizens' army and for the training of citizens as reserves for the regular army, should they ever be needed. He believed, he said, that the nation should accumulate adequate munitions and supplies and that there should be the general increases necessary in the garrisons overseas for the proper protection of the insular possessions, all of which, he declared, would be incorporated in the plans to be submitted to congress.

ASKS NON-PARTISAN SUPPORT

The President asked for a non-partisan support of the administration's preparedness program, which should receive, he said, the endorsement of all political parties and the general work of strengthening the army and the navy be taken up and considered without question of party advantage.

"This should be the case, he said, because the administration's plan 'represents the best professional and expert opinion in the country.'

He declared that there is no reason why America should become panicky over the present military situation throughout the country, because the United States "stands today in friendly relations towards all the world."

ONE GRAVE MENACE

"The only subject of grave concern to the nation at present," declared the President, "is the fact that so many professed Americans are today voicing alien sympathies."

The President spoke to a huge crowd and was enthusiastically received, while his various pledges for army and navy increases were so insistently applauded that he found it necessary at time to signal for quiet in order that he might proceed with his address.